## Highlights of the Surface Water Protection Overlay District (SWOD)

- SWOD is an overlay district to be administered by the Planning Board
- For permitting in the SWOD, the Planning Board is authorized to issue Conditional Use
  Permits (CUP) after a public hearing
- The SWOD is a buffer from various waterbodies. SWOD requirements only apply to land within the SWOD buffer
- SWOD buffer boundaries are:
  - 250 feet around Lake Massasecum, Lake Todd, Ayers Pond, Warner River from Lake
    Todd to the Town Line, Melvin Brook from Lake Massasecum to Warner River.
  - 75 feet for Hoyt Brook from West Road to Warner River, West Branch Brook from Box
    Corner to Warner River.
  - o 50 feet for all other steams as shown on the map.
- District Standards that apply to all land in the SWOD buffer (note: they only apply within the buffer as described above):
  - o No more than 15% of the area may be building or 20% impervious
  - o Increase in nonconforming footprint must be offset with vegetation
  - Structure setbacks from shorelands (excluding docks, etc.): 125' from Massasecum,
    Todd, Melvin Brook and Warner River, rest of the buffer areas 75'
  - o Replacement septic systems must comply with new setbacks from water
  - SWOD land CAN be counted toward minimum lot sizes in the underlying zone.
  - New lots on lakes and larger streams/rivers must have 100' of waterfront frontage
  - Undersized lots that add land resulting in 2.25 buildable acres may reduce roadside setbacks to 25 feet.
- Performance Standards not waivable by Planning Board
  - o No more than 50% of the buffer trees may be cut in a 20 year period
  - Stumps/roots to remain within 25 feet of shoreland
  - Stormwater runoff must be minimized
  - One nonpaved access is allowed to the waterfront
  - o 10% of shoreland, up to 50 feet, may be used for docks/accessways to water
  - o Wetlands in SWOD buffer areas must comply with the Wetland Ordinance
  - Docks/piers must have appropriate state approvals.

- Land Uses in the SWOD buffer that are neither Prohibited or Conditional that are allowed in the underlying zones are permitted.
- Prohibited Uses within the SWOD buffer:
  - Salt storage yards
  - Junk yards
  - Hazardous/solid waste
  - Bulk chemical storage
  - Fertilizers/pesticides, etc. are prohibited unless the follow the latest version fo the
    NH Department of Agriculture guidelines
  - o Animal pens, grazing areas, feedlots
  - Construction on slopes greater than 15%
  - Use of sludge from a sewer treatment plant
  - Aquaculture
  - Water impoundments not required by state of federal governments
  - Non-residential parking areas
- Conditional Uses allowed within the SWOD buffer area and would require a Conditional Use
  Permit:
  - Construction of a principal or accessory use that is allowed in the underlying zone
    or by variance or special exception
  - A Prohibited Use that gets a variance from the ZBA
  - Streets/Roads/Accessways
  - Agriculture and plant nurseries
  - Non-residential or multi-unit buildings
  - Accessory uses
  - Outdoor recreation without buildings
  - Private water supply
  - Culvers or rock fords
  - Temporary crossings
  - Temporary cofferdams
  - Repair retaining walls
  - Control of exotic weeds
  - Recreational walkways

- Grading
- Geothermal
- Repair of roads/bridges, etc.
- Flood storage
- Conditional Use Permit requirements:
  - Application form
  - Project narrative
  - o A plan set
  - Tax card
  - o Tax map
  - Any state/federal permits
  - Abutters list
  - o Fees
  - Site photographs
- Must be 21 days before the Planning Board meeting
- PB may waive submittal items
- Standards for granting a Conditional Use Permit:
  - The proposed use is either allowed in the underlying zone or has a variance or special exception
  - o It complies with dimensional standards of the underlying zone or has a variance
  - o There is no place outside of the SWOD buffer for the proposed improvements
  - Soil disturbance will be minimal
  - o Site impact will be minimal
  - Hazardous materials over 5 gallons, if any, will have a Spill Prevention Control and Countermeasure Plan (SPCC)
  - o Stumps and roots within 50' of shoreland will be left intact
  - o Impacts to SWOD buffer will be minimized as much as possible
- Spill Prevention Control and Countermeasure Plan standards will rely on EPA templates based on level of impact.